

Prepared by: AECOM Pocasset, MA 02559 Project No.: 60306709

2014 Rare Plant Survey Report

Tennessee Gas Pipeline Company, LLC
Connecticut Expansion Project
Suffield to East Granby (Hartford County), Connecticut

CT NDDB Determination No.: 201304121



Connecticut Department of Energy & Environmental Protection

Prepared by: AEĊOM Pocasset, MA 02559 Project No.: 60306709

2014 Rare Plant Survey Report

Dmald Schall

Prepared By: Donald G. Schall

Reviewed By: Timothy O'Sullivan

Contents

| 1.0 | Introd | luction | 1 |
|-----|--------|--|---|
| 2.0 | Surve | ey Methodology | 1 |
| 3.0 | CT Na | atural Diversity Data Base Areas Rare Plant Species | 2 |
| 4.0 | Resul | lts | 3 |
| | 4.1 | CT NDDB Feature ID: South of Hickory Street | 3 |
| | 4.2 | CT NDDB Feature ID: South of Halladay Avenue West | 3 |
| | 4.3 | CT NDDB Feature ID: Muddy Brook North of Hill Street | 4 |
| | 4.4 | CT NDDB Feature ID: North of Taintor Street | 4 |
| | 4.5 | CT NDDB Feature ID: North of Russell Road | 5 |
| | 4.6 | CT NDDB Feature ID: Nicholson Road | 5 |
| | | | |
| 5 | Refer | ences | 6 |

1.0 Introduction

This 2014 Rare Plant Survey Report has been prepared on behalf of the Tennessee Gas Pipeline Company, LLC in reference to the Connecticut Expansion Project (the "Project") for the construction of a proposed looping natural gas pipeline including approximately 8.1 miles in Connecticut. The subject component of the Project originates in the Town of Agawam (Hamden County), Massachusetts and crosses into central Connecticut into the Town of Suffield and terminates in the Town of East Granby (Hartford County), Connecticut (Appendix A, Site Locus Map). This report discusses those areas of the Project where targeted rare plants surveys were performed by AECOM for Connecticut state-listed plant species.

The purpose of this report is to provide information on the potential presence and distribution of state-listed rare plant species within and adjacent to the Project limits in response to the consultation letter received from the Connecticut Department of Energy & Environmental Protection ("CT DEEP"). In correspondence dated November 23, 2013, the Connecticut Natural Diversity Data Base ("CT NDDB") of the CT DEEP provided the project proponent with information on the potential presence of state-listed rare plant species known or thought to occur within the project limits (Appendix B). According to the CT NDDB correspondence, no Federally-listed plant species are reported to occur within the project limits.

State protected native plant species reported to occur within the project limits include Low Frostweed (*Crocanthemum propinquum*), a state "threatened" species, and three state "special concern" species: Bush's Sedge (*Carex bushii*), Squarrose Sedge (*Carex squarrosa*), and New England Grape (*Vitis x novae-angliae*).

This Rare Plant Survey Report summarizes the results of targeted botanical surveys performed in June, July, and September, 2014 during the flowering and fruiting periods for the state-listed rare plant species.

2.0 Survey Methodology

AECOM initiated consultation with CT DEEP in November of 2013 for information on state-listed plant species or sensitive natural communities known to occur near or in proximity to the proposed activities in the existing pipeline corridor. The CT NDDB response letter provided information on the potential occurrence of four state-listed rare plant species known to occur within the project limits (Appendix B). In response to the CT NDDB letter, botanical surveys were performed by AECOM botanists with field survey experience in the New England region to determine the presence or absence of state-listed rare plants within the proposed work areas within the rare plant and wildlife polygons identified by CT NDDB. Field surveys were performed to coincide with the early flowering and fruiting periods for the state-listed rare plant species. Federally protected plant species were not reported by CT NDDB within the proposed project limits.

AECOM researched publicly-available documents pertaining to state-listed rare plant species potentially occurring within the project limits. Telephone and electronic conversations with the state

botanist were initiated prior to the field surveys to focus the survey effort. Regional botanical references were consulted prior to and during the field surveys. Meander surveys and linear transects were performed by AECOM botanists in areas of suitable habitat in the CT NDDB polygons where the existing pipeline corridor crossed an identified polygon. The botanical surveys were performed at the appropriate time of the year for identification of the targeted species in the early to mid flowering and fruiting periods for the state-listed rare plant species. Field surveys were performed on June 17 and 18, 2014, July 8, 2014 and September 3, 2014 under favorable weather conditions. A Global Positioning System (GPS) was used during the field surveys to confirm the location of rare plant populations observed in the surveys. Plant communities recorded in the CT NDDB areas investigated were photo-documented during the field surveys and are included in Appendix C. Subsequent to state-listed plant identification confirmation, information on the surrounding plant community was collected to prepare a CT Rare Plant Survey Form (Appendix D).

3.0 CT Natural Diversity Data Base Areas Rare Plant Species

State-listed rare plant species reported to potentially occur within the Project limits as indicated in the November 23, 2013 letter from CT NDDB are summarized below in Table 1.

| Connecticut State-Listed Plant Species | | | | | |
|---|-------------------|----------------|-----------------|--|--|
| Scientific Name Common Name Taxonomic Group State Statu | | | | | |
| Crocanthemum propinquum | Low Frostweed | Vascular Plant | Threatened | | |
| Carex bushii | Bush's Sedge | Vascular Plant | Special Concern | | |
| Carex squarrosa | Squarrose Sedge | Vascular Plant | Special Concern | | |
| Vitis x novae-angliae | New England Grape | Vascular Plant | Special Concern | | |

State status is from the current CT DEEP list of Endangered, Threatened, and Special Concern Plants (CT DEEP 2014). Vascular plant taxonomy, species nomenclature, and nativity status follows Haines (2011). CT NDDB polygons investigated on the pipeline corridor are identified on the attached set of site plans entitled "CT NDDB Polygons and Confirmed Locations of Rare Species, dated July 2014" (Appendix E).

Species descriptions and habitat requirements for the state-listed rare plant species reported to occur within the project limits were reviewed in botanical manuals and technical references for the New England region. Botanical references and manuals consulted in the preparation of the species descriptions and habitat preferences summarized in the field worksheets include:

- Flora Novae Angliae: A Manual for the Identification of Native and Naturalized Higher Vascular Plants of New England (Haines 2011)
- Manual of Vascular Plants of Northeastern United States and Adjacent Canada (Gleason and Cronquist 1993)
- Field Guide to Carex of New England (Standley 2011)

- Flora of North America. Volume 23 (Flora of North America Editorial Committee 2002).
- Gray's Manual of Botany (Fernald 1950)

Summaries of the Connecticut legal status, plant descriptions, habitat preferences, and flowering and fruiting periods for the state-listed rare plant species were prepared for review during the targeted rare plant surveys. The species profile descriptions consulted during the targeted field surveys are attached (Appendix F).

4.0 Results

AECOM botanists investigated six CT NDDB areas along the pipeline corridor in the Towns of Suffield and East Granby, Connecticut, where permanent and temporary construction activities associated with the Project will impact plant communities within the pipeline corridor or adjacent to the access roads. A plant list identifying which species were observed during the course of the surveys is included in Appendix G.

4.1 CT NDDB Feature ID: South of Hickory Street

The CT NDDB polygon is located approximately 900 feet south of Hickory Street in the Town of Suffield, Hartford County, Connecticut. Botanical surveys were performed on June 18, 2014 and July 8, 2014. The CT NDDB area south of Hickory Street contains an expansive area containing active agricultural fields, fallow agricultural fields, and open meadow habitats. Plantation conifer stands of white spruce (*Picea glauca*) and white pine (*Pinus strobus*) with several hardwood associates, including red maple (*Acer rubrum*), scarlet oak (*Quercus coccinea*), and eastern black cherry (*Prunus serotina*) are also present. The plantation forest borders the pipeline corridor in the area of MP 0.5 near the start of the CT NDDB polygon. The polygon ends near MP 0.75. Residential structures are present to the west of the pipeline corridor along North Street (Route 75).

Herbaceous plant species and clusters of low shrubs are present in the ROW. Control of the woody shrubs in the ROW under a vegetation management program was evident. Herbaceous species recorded in the ROW include reed canary-grass (*Phalaris arundinaceae*), Canada bluejoint (*Calamagrostis canadensis*), sallow sedge (*Carex lurida*), woolly-fruited sedge (*Carex lasiocarpa*), fringed sedge (*Carex crinita*), fox sedge (*Carex vulpinoidea*), awl-fruited sedge (*Carex stipata*), and jewelweed (*Impatiens capensis*). Other associate species include Canada lily (*Lilium canadense*), rice cut-grass (*Leerzia oryzoides*), grass-leaved goldenrod (*Euthamia graminifolia*), rough goldenrod (*Solidago rugosa*), and purple loosestrife (*Lythrum salicaria*). Shrub and vine species include arrowwood (*Viburnum dentatum*), meadowsweet (*Spiraea alba var. latifolia*), silky dogwood (*Swida amomum*), and fox grape (*Vitis labrusca*).

No state-listed rare plants were observed in the field surveys in this CT NDDB polygon.

4.2 CT NDDB Feature ID: South of Halladay Avenue West

This CT NDDB polygon is located approximately 1,000 feet south of Halladay Avenue West in the Town of Suffield, Hartford County, Connecticut. Botanical surveys were performed on June 18, 2014, July 8, 2014 and September 3, 2014. The CT NDDB area south of Halladay Avenue West encompasses agricultural fields, overgrown fields, dry upland meadows, and wet meadows. Areas of

upland and wetland forest habitat border the ROW. Adjacent parcels in the CT NDDB polygon support farmland and farm buildings, horse stables, and residential structures. The CT NDDB polygon extends from approximately MP 1.75 to MP 2.3.

Common to frequent herbaceous species observed in the open fields and meadows include reed canary-grass, Canada bluejoint, timothy (*Phleum pratense*), sweet vernal-grass (*Anthoxanthum odoratum*), fescue grass (*Festuca* sp.), rough goldenrod, fox sedge, awl-fruited sedge, sallow sedge, sensitive fern (*Onoclea sensibilis*), and soft rush (*Juncus effusus*). Shrub species include arrowwood, silky dogwood, multiflora rose (*Rosa multiflora*), speckled alder (*Alnus incana* spp. *rugosa*), autumn olive (*Elaeagnus umbellata*), and eastern cottonwood (*Populus deltoides*).

Nine populations of squarrose sedge (*Carex squarrosa*) were recorded on or near the western edge of the ROW in the vicinity of MP 1.8-1.9. The populations and general habitat conditions were photo-documented and information was collect on the associate plant species and habitat to prepare a CT Rare Plant Survey Form. The sedge identification was confirmed on July 8, 2014 when mature perigynia and achenes were examined with a 10X hand lens. Nearby areas were surveyed for additional populations. General views of the old field/meadow habitat near the squarrose sedge populations are included in Appendix C with photographs of the young inflorescence. Confirmed populations were located by GPS and transferred to the site plans (Appendix E).

No other state-listed rare plants were observed in the survey area in the CT NDDB polygon.

4.3 CT NDDB Feature ID: Muddy Brook North of Hill Street

The CT NDDB polygon is located approximately 0.6 miles north of Hill Street in the Town of Suffield, Hartford County, Connecticut. Botanical surveys were performed on June 18, 2014 and July 8, 2014. The CT NDDB polygon encompasses the riparian community adjacent to Muddy Brook (approx MP 2.9 – MP 3.1).

Common to frequent herbaceous species recorded in the herbaceous community in the ROW include jewelweed, stinging nettle (*Urtica dioica*), rough goldenrod, skunk cabbage (*Symplocarpus foetidus*), fringed sedge, awl-fruited sedge, sensitive fern, cinnamon fern (*Osmundastrum cinnamomeum*), and field horsetail (*Equisetum arvense*). Canopy species in the forest habitat bordering Muddy Brook include red maple, white ash (*Fraxinus americana*), and elm (*Ulmus* sp.). Shrub associates include spicebush (*Lindera benzoin*), common winterberry (*Ilex verticillata*), and multiflora rose.

No state-listed rare plants were observed in the open riparian community bordering Muddy Brook at the ROW crossing or in the bottomland forest adjacent to the ROW. In addition, no rare plant species were observed along the margin of the cultivated agricultural fields in the vicinity of the ROW. The gravel access road to the ROW crosses agricultural fields where suitable rare plant habitat is absent.

4.4 CT NDDB Feature ID: North of Taintor Street

The CT NDDB polygon is located generally west of the ROW in the vicinity of MP 5.5 in the Town of Suffield, Hartford County, Connecticut. The botanical assessment was performed on June 17 and 18, 2014 from Taintor Street at Stony Brook. The CT NDDB area generally encompasses the wooded community and wetland communities associated with Stony Brook. Active agricultural field are also encompassed by the CT NDDB area.

No state-listed rare plants were observed in the transitional areas bordering Stony Brook at the bridge crossing. The access road from Taintor Street to the ROW crosses agricultural fields in the buffer area to Stony Brook, but suitable rare plant habitat appears to be absent.

4.5 CT NDDB Feature ID: North of Russell Road

The CT NDDB polygon areas are located in the Towns of Suffield and East Granby, Hartford County, Connecticut. Botanical surveys were performed on June 17, 2014 and July 8, 2014. The CT NDDB areas include an expansive area of forested uplands, forested wetlands, scrub-shrub wetlands, agricultural fields, overgrown and disturbed fields, and areas of commercial development. The survey areas along the ROW were accessed from Russell Road (MP 7.4) and walked to the north to approximately MP 6.5 to include the northern section of the CT NDDB area crossed by the ROW. The access road from Russell Road and sections of the proposed pipeyard area in proximity to the CT NDDB area in East Granby were also investigated.

Common to frequent herbaceous species recorded in the moist to wet herbaceous community in the ROW include fringed sedge, sallow sedge, fox sedge, tussock sedge (*Carex stricta*), bladder sedge (*Carex intumescens*), dark-green bulrush (*Scirpus atrovirens*), cinnamon fern, royal fern (*Osmunda regalis*), interrupted fern (*Osmunda claytonia*), New York fern (*Parathelypteris noveboracensis*), fox grape, and summer grape. Canopy species in the adjacent forest habitat include red oak (*Quercus rubra*), white oak (*Quercus alba*), American beech (*Fagus grandifolia*), black birch (*Betula lenta*), white ash, and tuliptree (*Liriodendron tulipifera*). White pine occurred as an infrequent associate. Shrub species include arrow-wood, witch-hazel (*Hamamelis virginiana*), and multiflora rose. Flat-branched tree-clubmoss (*Dendrolycopodium obscurum*) and Canada-mayflower (*Maianthemum canadense*) occurred in the ground layer.

No state-listed rare plants were observed in the field surveys in this CT NDDB polygon.

4.6 CT NDDB Feature ID: Nicholson Road

The CT NDDB polygon is located generally south of Nicholson road in the Town of East Granby, Hartford County, Connecticut. Botanical surveys were performed on June 17, 2014 and July 8, 2014. The CT NDDB area in the vicinity of the ROW encompasses a highly developed area with commercial buildings and paved parking areas adjacent to the ROW. The transitional and wetland communities adjacent to DeGrayes Brook were investigated along with the dry, open upland field habitat accessed from Kripes Road. Targeted surveys were performed along the road shoulder and in the open sandy areas within the CT NDDB area in the pipeline corridor for state-listed rare plants.

Common to frequent herbaceous species recorded in the scrub-shrub wetland thicket investigated include rough goldenrod, sensitive fern, jewelweed, sallow sedge, fringed sedge, fox sedge, and tussock sedge. Shrub species include arrow-wood, multiflora rose, and speckled alder. Herbaceous species observed in the dry, upland field habitat south of Nicholson Road include such species as yarrow (*Achillea millefolium*), rough cinquefoil (*Potentilla recta*), silvery cinquefoil (*Potentilla argentea*), old field cinquefoil (*Potentilla simplex*), four-flowered yellow-loosestrife (*Lysimachia quadrifolia*), Deptford pink (*Dianthus armeria*), bedstraw (*Galium sp.*), round-headed bush-clover (*Lespedeza capitata*), and birds-foot trefoil (*Lotus corniculatus*). Vines of poison ivy (*Toxicodendron radicans*), blackberry (*Rubus sp.*), and Asian bittersweet (*Celastrus orbiculatus*) were also common.

No state-listed rare plants were observed in the survey area in the CT NDDB polygon.

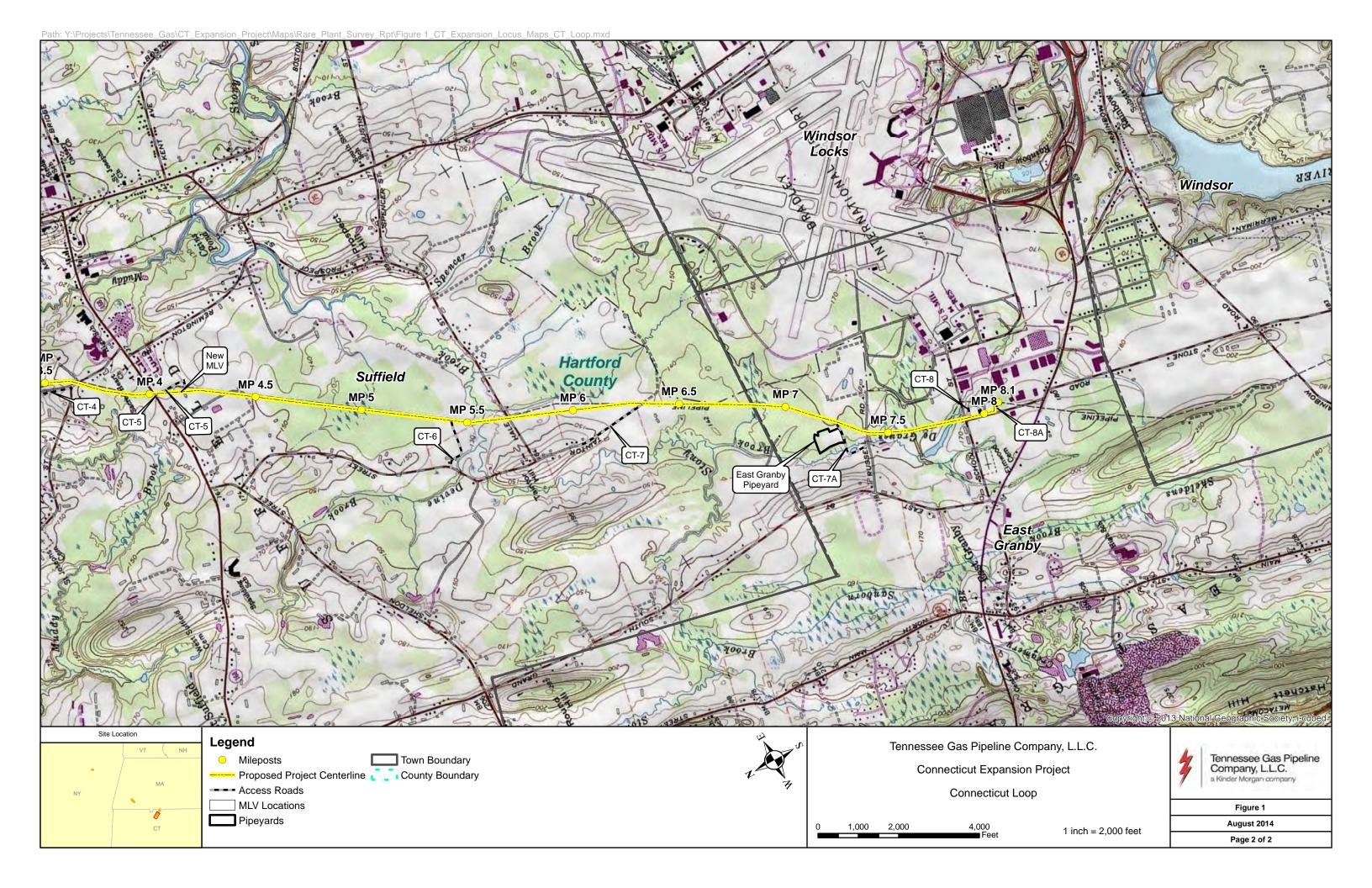
5.0 References

- Angelo, R., and D. E. Boufford. 2007. Atlas of the Flora of New England: Cyperaceae. *Rhodora* 109: 237-360.
- CT DEEP. 2014. Connecticut Department of Energy and Environmental Protection Endangered, Threatened & Special Concern Plants. (Accessed May 16, 2014).
- Fernald, M. L. 1950. Gray's Manual of Botany. 8th Edition. American Book Company, NY.
- Flora of North America Editorial Committee. 2002. Flora of North America. Volume 23: *Magnoliophyta: Commelinidae (in part): Cyperaceae*. Oxford University Press, New York. Available URL: http://www.efloras.org.
- Gleason, Henry A., and A. Cronquist. 1993. Manual of Vascular Plants of Northeastern United States and Adjacent Canada. 2nd Edition. The New York Botanical Garden, Bronx, NY.
- Haines, Arthur. 2011. *Flora Novae Angliae*: A Manual for the Identification of Native and Naturalized Higher Vascular Plants of New England. Yale University Press, New Haven, CT.
- Holmgren, Noel. 1998. The Illustrated Companion to Gleason and Cronquist's Manual. Illustrations of the Vascular Plants of Northeastern United States and Adjacent Canada. The New York Botanical Garden, Bronx, NY.
- MA NHESP. 2009. Fact Sheet for Bush's Sedge, *Carex bushii*. Natural Heritage & Endangered Species Program, Massachusetts Division of Fisheries and Wildlife, West Boylston, MA.
- McKay, D. 2013. Correspondence dated November 23, 2013, from Dawn M. McKay, CT NDDB to Julia Stearns, AECOM Environment, regarding NDDB Determination No. 201304121.
- New York Natural Heritage program. 2013. NYNHP Plant Conservation Guide Early Frostweed (*Crocanthemum propinquum*). New York Natural Heritage Program, Albany, NY. Available URL: http://www.acris.nynhp.org.
- Standley, Lisa A. 2011. Field Guide to Carex of New England. Special Publication of the New England Botanical Club, Harvard University Herbaria, Cambridge, MA.

Web Sources:

Kansas Wildflowers & Grasses – Bush's Sedge (*Carex bushii*) http://www.kswildflower.org/sedge_details.php?sedgeID=43

Appendix A
USGS Site Locus



Appendix B

CT NDDB Consultation Letter



November 23, 2013

Ms. Julia Stearns AECOM Environment 10 Orms Street, Suite 405 Providence, RI 02901

Project: Preliminary Assessment of Tennessee Gas Pipeline Company Connecticut Expansion Project,

Suffield to East Granby, Connecticut NDDB Determination No.: 201304121

Dear Ms. Stearns,

I have reviewed Natural Diversity Data Base maps and files regarding the area delineated on the map provided for the Preliminary Assessment of Tennessee Gas Pipeline Company Connecticut Expansion Project, Suffield to East Granby, Connecticut. I have attached a list of Federal and State Listed species that are known to occur within your project boundaries. Please be advised that this is a preliminary review and not a final determination. A more detailed review will be necessary to move forward with any subsequent environmental permit applications submitted to DEEP for the proposed project. This determination is good for one year.

Natural Diversity Data Base information includes all information regarding critical biological resources available to us at the time of the request. This information is a compilation of data collected over the years by the Department of Energy and Environmental Protection's Natural History Survey and cooperating units of DEEP, private conservation groups and the scientific community. This information is not necessarily the result of comprehensive or site-specific field investigations. Consultations with the Data Base should not be substitutes for on-site surveys required for environmental assessments. Current research projects and new contributors continue to identify additional populations of species and locations of habitats of concern, as well as, enhance existing data. Such new information is incorporated into the Data Base as it becomes available. The result of this review does not preclude the possibility that listed species may be encountered on site and that additional action may be necessary to remain in compliance with certain state permits.

Please contact me if you have further questions at (860) 424-3592, or dawn.mckay@ct.gov . Thank you for consulting the Natural Diversity Data Base.

Sincerely,

Dawn M. McKay

Coun M. moka

Environmental Analyst 3

Species List for Request Number

R201304121

11/23/2013

| Scientific Name | Common Name | State Protection Statu |
|-----------------------------|---------------------------|-------------------------------|
| nals | | |
| Alasmidonta heterodon | Dwarf wedge mussel | E |
| Alasmidonta varicosa | Brook floater | E |
| Ammodramus savannarum | Grasshopper sparrow | E |
| Apamea burgessi | Apamea moth | SC |
| Bartramia longicauda | Upland sandpiper | E |
| Brachinus cyanipennis | Bombardier beetle | SC |
| Cicindela formosa generosa | Pine barrens tiger beetle | SC |
| Circus cyaneus | Northern harrier | E |
| Dolichonyx oryzivorus | Bobolink | SC |
| Eremophila alpestris | Horned lark | Е |
| Euchlaena madusaria | Scrub euchlaena | SC |
| Eumacaria latiferrugata | Brown-bordered geometer | SC |
| Euxoa violaris | Violet dart moth | T |
| Falco sparverius | American kestrel | T |
| Glyptemys insculpta | Wood turtle | SC |
| Grammia phyllira | Phyllira tiger moth | E |
| Harpalus eraticus | Ground beetle | SC |
| Heterodon platirhinos | Eastern hognose snake | SC |
| Passerculus sandwichensis | Savannah sparrow | SC |
| Pooecetes gramineus | Vesper sparrow | E |
| Schinia spinosae | Noctuid moth | SC |
| Sturnella magna | Eastern meadowlark | SC |
| Terrapene carolina carolina | Eastern box turtle | SC |
| Tetragonoderus fasciatus | Ground beetle | SC |
| Toxostoma rufum | Brown thrasher | SC |

Natural Communities

Sand barren

Plants

| Carex bushii | Sedge | SC |
|-------------------------|-------------------|----|
| Carex squarrosa | Sedge | SC |
| Helianthemum propinquum | Low frostweed | T |
| Vitis x novae-angliae | New England grape | SC |

Appendix C

Photographs of Site Conditions in CT NDDB Polygons with Confirmed State-listed Species

APPENDIX C

PHOTOGRAPHIC LOG

Client: Tennessee Gas Pipeline Co., LLC

Site Location: Suffield, CT

Project No. 60306709

Photo No.

Date: 06-18-14

Direction Photo Taken:

View to the South

Description:

View of the open field habitat in the pipeline ROW in the CT NDDB area identified south of Halladay Avenue West, Suffield, CT.

Approximate MP 1.9. Several populations of squarrose sedge were recorded at the edge of the field near the tree line.



Photo No.

Date:

06-18-14

Direction Photo Taken:

NA

Description:

Squarrose sedge inflorescence found at the western edge of the pipeline ROW near the tree line. Species was confirmed based on the mature perigynia and achenes.

Clusters are threatened by invasive species, e.g., autumn- olive and agricultural grasses.



APPENDIX C

Site Location: Suffield, CT

PHOTOGRAPHIC LOG

Project No. 60306709

Client: Tennessee Gas Pipeline Co., LLC

07-08-14

Photo No. Date:

Direction Photo Taken:

3

NA

Description:

Cluster of squarrose sedge inflorescences in the field habitat at the western edge of the work area near the tree line.

Herbaceous associates recorded include reed canary grass and soft rush.



Photo No.

Date: 07-08-14

Direction Photo Taken:

View to the Southwest

Description:

View of the open field habitat near the tree line where clusters of squarrose sedge were found hidden in the tall grasses.

Note squarrose sedge inflorescences in the dense vegetative cover in the foreground.



Appendix D

CT Rare Plant Survey Form

| SINAIV. | TE: | | SHE | | | | EMTERED DV | | |
|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|---|--|--|
| TOWN | | | /IN: | | ENTERED BY: | | | | |
| | w record date | | | Natural Di | iversity Data I | EY FORM Base mental Protection | | | |
| | | | Connecticut | | Street, 6 th Flo | | | | |
| | | | | | , CT 06106-51 | | | | |
| | | | - | | | t of your ability. | | | |
| | Subn | nit surv | vey forms, map | os, and all | supporting do | cuments to the ad | dress above. | | |
| SPEC | CIES SCIENTIFIC | NAME: | : Carex squa | rrosa | | Element Occ | currence (EO) # (if known): | | |
| REPO | ORTER INFORMAT | ΓΙΟΝ | | | | | | | |
| lame(| | | | | | | | | |
| Addres | ss: AECOM, 9 Jon | athan B | Bourne Drive | | | Telephone No: 508-274-8834 cell | | | |
| | Pocasset, MA 0 | 02559 | | | | E-mail address: donald.schall@aecom.com | | | |
| TIDX/ | EV/CITE INEODM | ATION | Ī | | | | | | |
| | TEY/SITE INFORM | | | f Halladay | Avenue West | Survey Date(s): | June 18, 2014, July 8, 2014, | | |
| Site Name: Tennessee Gas Pipeline ROW, So. of Ho | | | ine KOW, So. o | j Hanaay 1 | avenue wesi | Survey Date(s). | September 3, 2014 | | |
| | Town(s): Town of Suffield | | | | | County: | Hartford County | | |
| own(| (s): Town of Suffi | ıeld | | | | | | | |
| irect lant p | cions to plant population opulations (or survey | ion, incl | if plants not for | und). | - | • | h boundaries drawn around observe | | |
| irect lant p | cions to plant population populations (or survey <i>DDB Area is located a</i> | ion, incl ed area <i>approxin</i> | if plants not for nately 1,000 fee | und). et south of H | z Ialliday Avenue | West in the Town o | h boundaries drawn around observe of Suffield, CT. Site is accessed from ROW. Refer to attached map set. | | |
| irect lant p T NE | cions to plant population populations (or survey DDB Area is located a day Avenue West at the Coordinates | ion, incl ved area upproxin e pipelii | if plants not for nately 1,000 fee | und). et south of H urking is at t | Ialliday Avenue the service road Method Use | West in the Town of the last t | of Suffield, CT. Site is accessed from ROW. Refer to attached map set. ordinates: | | |
| irect lant p T ND Tallaa | cions to plant populations to plant populations (or survey DDB Area is located a day Avenue West at the Coordinates de 42 00' 32.6' | ion, inclived area approxime pipelis | if plants not for nately 1,000 fee | und). et south of H urking is at t | Ialliday Avenue the service road Method Used | West in the Town of entrance into the last to Determine Con | of Suffield, CT. Site is accessed from ROW. Refer to attached map set. ordinates: ake/Model: HiPer II, Tesla | | |
| irect ant p T NE allaa PS C atituc | cions to plant population populations (or survey DDB Area is located a lay Avenue West at the Coordinates de 42 00' 32.6' and a real and a rea | ion, inclived area approximate pipelis | if plants not for nately 1,000 fee ne crossing. Po | und). et south of H urking is at t | Method Used GPS Unit Mapping S | West in the Town of entrance into the I | of Suffield, CT. Site is accessed from ROW. Refer to attached map set. ordinates: ake/Model: HiPer II, Tesla | | |
| irect lant p T ND allaa PS C atituc ongit | cions to plant populations to plant populations (or survey DDB Area is located a day Avenue West at the Coordinates de 42 00' 32.6' | ion, inclived area approximate pipelis | if plants not for nately 1,000 fee ne crossing. Po | und). et south of H urking is at t | Ialliday Avenue the service road Method Used | West in the Town of entrance into the I | of Suffield, CT. Site is accessed from ROW. Refer to attached map set. ordinates: ake/Model: HiPer II, Tesla | | |
| PS Catitud | cions to plant populations (or survey ob DB Area is located a lay Avenue West at the coordinates de 42 00' 32.6' ande: 72 38' 51.5' inate system (NAD83) | ion, inclived area approximate pipelis | if plants not for nately 1,000 fee ne crossing. Po | und). et south of H urking is at t | Method Used GPS Unit Mapping S | West in the Town of entrance into the I | of Suffield, CT. Site is accessed from ROW. Refer to attached map set. ordinates: ake/Model: HiPer II, Tesla | | |
| PS Catitud | cions to plant population populations (or survey DDB Area is located a lay Avenue West at the Coordinates de 42 00' 32.6' and a real and a rea | ion, inclived area approximate pipelis | if plants not for nately 1,000 fee ne crossing. Po | und). et south of H urking is at t | Method Used GPS Unit Mapping S | West in the Town of entrance into the I | of Suffield, CT. Site is accessed from ROW. Refer to attached map set. ordinates: ake/Model: HiPer II, Tesla | | |
| irect ant p T NE callada PS C atituc oongit oordi | cions to plant populations (or survey ob DB Area is located a lay Avenue West at the coordinates de 42 00' 32.6' ande: 72 38' 51.5' inate system (NAD83) | ion, inclived area approximate pipelis | if plants not for nately 1,000 fee ne crossing. Possing. NAD83 | und). It south of H It south of H IT was at 1 | Method Used GPS Unit Mapping S Online Ma | West in the Town of dentrance into the last dentrance | of Suffield, CT. Site is accessed from ROW. Refer to attached map set. ordinates: ake/Model: HiPer II, Tesla | | |
| Popu | cions to plant population populations (or survey pDB Area is located a lay Avenue West at the coordinates de 42 00′ 32.6′ ande: 72 38′ 51.5′ inate system (NAD83 plation Size | ion, inclived area approximate pipelis | red): NAD83 What (e.g. st | N W was countered as a countered as | Method Used GPS Unit Mapping S Online Ma | West in the Town of dentrance into the last dentrance | of Suffield, CT. Site is accessed from ROW. Refer to attached map set. ordinates: ake/Model: HiPer II, Teslante: site: Population Area Length (units) | | |
| lant properties of the control of th | Coordinates de 42 00' 32.6' aude: 72 38' 51.5' inate system (NAD83) LATION DATA llation Size al No. Observed | ion, inclived area approxing properties. " N " W 3 preferr | red): NAD83 What (e.g. st | N W was countered as a countered as | Method Used GPS Unit Mapping S Online Ma | West in the Town of dentrance into the last dentrance | of Suffield, CT. Site is accessed from ROW. Refer to attached map set. ordinates: ake/Model: HiPer II, Tesla ee: site: Population Area Length (units) Width (units) | | |
| irect lant p T NE fallaa LPS C atituc ongit oordi OPU Popu Actua | cions to plant population populations (or survey populations) (or survey populations) (or survey populations) (or survey population) (or | ion, inclived area approxing properties. " N " W 3 preferr | red): NAD83 What (e.g. st | N W was countered as a countered as | Method Used GPS Unit Mapping S Online Ma | West in the Town of dentrance into the last dentrance | of Suffield, CT. Site is accessed from ROW. Refer to attached map set. ordinates: ake/Model: HiPer II, Teslante: site: Population Area Length (units) | | |
| irect lant p T NE Callada PS C atituc congit coordi OPU Popu Actua Estim | Coordinates de 42 00' 32.6' aude: 72 38' 51.5' inate system (NAD83) LATION DATA llation Size al No. Observed | ion, inclived area approxime pipeling "N" W B preferr | ed): NAD83 What (e.g. st Cluste | N W was countered seems, clump | Method Used GPS Unit Mapping S Online Ma | West in the Town of dentrance into the last dentrance | of Suffield, CT. Site is accessed from ROW. Refer to attached map set. ordinates: ake/Model: HiPer II, Tesla ee: site: Population Area Length (units) Width (units) | | |
| irect lant p T NE | Coordinates de 42 00' 32.6' rude: 72 38' 51.5' inate system (NAD83) LATION DATA Lation Size al No. Observed mated No./Range nice of disease, predation loogy | ion, inclived area approximate pipeling. "N" W B preferra | if plants not for nately 1,000 fee ne crossing. Possing: NAD83 What (e.g. st Cluste.) | N W was counted teems, clump rs of stems is at a summer of stems is at a summer of stems is a | Method Used GPS Unit Mapping S Online Ma od? s, floating mass in discrete populatin: Age Structure | West in the Town of dentrance into the land dentrance | ordinates: ake/Model: HiPer II, Tesla e: site: Population Area Length (units) Width (units) Area (units) Vigor | | |
| irect lant p T NE | Coordinates de 42 00' 32.6' de 42 00' 32.6' dude: 72 38' 51.5' dinate system (NAD83) LATION DATA Llation Size al No. Observed mated No./Range nce of disease, predational property of the p | ion, inclived area approxing proxing of the pipelist with the pipe | if plants not for mately 1,000 fee me crossing. Possing. Possing: NAD83 What (e.g. st. Cluste) "yed" Yes [| N W was countered states of stems is at a state of stems is a state of stems in the state of stems is a state of stems in the state of stems in the state of state o | Method Used Method Used GPS Unit Mapping S Online Ma del: s, floating massin discrete populatin: Age Structure % Seedl | West in the Town of dentrance into the land of the Determine Congression of GPS Massoftware Software Software Online sees, etc.) | ordinates: ake/Model: HiPer II, Tesla e: site: Population Area Length (units) Width (units) Area (units) Vigor Very feeble | | |
| irect lant p T NE | Coordinates de 42 00' 32.6' cude: 72 38' 51.5' inate system (NAD83) LATION DATA LIATION DATA LIATION Size al No. Observed mated No./Range acc of disease, predati | ion, inclived area approximate pipeling. "N" W B preferments pref | red): NAD83 What (e.g. st Cluste Wature fruit Seed dispersi | N W was countered states of stems is at a state of stems is a state of stems in the state of stems is a state of stems in the state of stems in the state of state o | Method Used GPS Unit Mapping S Online Ma Online Ma decid? s, floating mass in discrete population: Age Structure % Seedl % Imma | West in the Town of dentrance into the last dentrance in the last dentranc | ordinates: ake/Model: HiPer II, Tesla e: site: Population Area Length (units) Width (units) Area (units) Vigor | | |
| Estimett lant per lan | Coordinates de 42 00' 32.6' de 42 00' 32.6' dude: 72 38' 51.5' dinate system (NAD83) LATION DATA Llation Size al No. Observed mated No./Range nce of disease, predational property of the p | ion, inclived area approximate pipeling. "N" W B preferration or in | if plants not for mately 1,000 fee me crossing. Possing. Possing: NAD83 What (e.g. st. Cluste) "yed" Yes [| N W was countered states of stems is at a state of stems is a state of stems in the state of stems is a state of stems in the state of stems in the state of state o | Method Used GPS Unit Mapping S Online Ma Online Ma decid? s, floating mass in discrete population: Age Structure % Seedl % Imma | d to Determine Co GPS Ma Software Softwar aps Online s ses, etc.) ulations | ordinates: ake/Model: HiPer II, Tesla re: site: Population Area Length (units) Width (units) Area (units) Vigor Very feeble Feeble | | |

EO#:

OFFICE USE ONLY

| Comments on above: Polulations were recorded in the open grassy field/meadow habitat along the western edge of the ROW at or near the tree line. Populations occur in dense herbaceous vegetation. | | | | | | | | | |
|---|---|------------------------------------|---|---|---|--|--|--|--|
| | | | | | | | | | |
| HABITAT | | | | | | | | | |
| X ore mag N I | ✓ 0-3% ✓ 3-8% ✓ 8-15% ✓ 15-35% ✓ 35% - v ✓ Measured (Horizontal) | ertical ° or %): % shape (as | Light Open Partial Filtered Shade for next item): | Topographic Position Crest Upper Slope Mid-Slope Lower-Slope Bottom Other: Level topography aight, variable): | Moisture Permanently Inundated Seasonally Inundated/Exposed Tidally Inundated/Exposed Saturated (Hydric) Moist (Mesic) Dry-Mesic Dry-Xeric Other: | | | | |
| Elevation: 140 to 150 | | | | | | | | | |
| Associated natural/plant communities: Plant community is open, grassy field/meadow habitat in the maintained ROW. Adjacent communities include forested uplands and forested wetlands. | | | | | | | | | |
| Associated plant species (separated strata, e.g. tree, shrub, herb layers): Associate herbaceous species in the ROW include reed canary-grass (Phalaris arundinaceae), soft rush (Juncus effusus), fox sedge (Carex vulpinoidea), awl-fruited sedge (Carex stipata), dark green bullsedge (Scirpus atrovirens), sensitive fern (Onoclea sensibilis), and agricultural grasses. Shrubs recorded at the tree line include speckled alder (Alnus incana spp. rugosa), arrow-wood (Viburnum dentatum), and silky dogwood (Swida amomum = Cornus amomum) Tree species include red maple (Acer rubrum) and ash (Fraxinus sp.) in the adjacent woodland habitat. | | | | | | | | | |
| | | | | | | | | | |
| IDENTIFICATION Photograph taken? | ∇ v _{cc} | □ N ₀ | Photo ID: | | | | | | |
| Photograph taken? Specimen taken* | Yes Yes | □ No □ No | Photo ID: If yes, provide: | Collector: Repository: Collection #: | | | | | |
| Identification problems? | | | | | | | | | |
| *DEP Scientific Collection Permit is needed to collect specimens | | | | | | | | | |
| CONSERVATION | | | | | | | | | |
| Owner info: | | | | | | | | | |

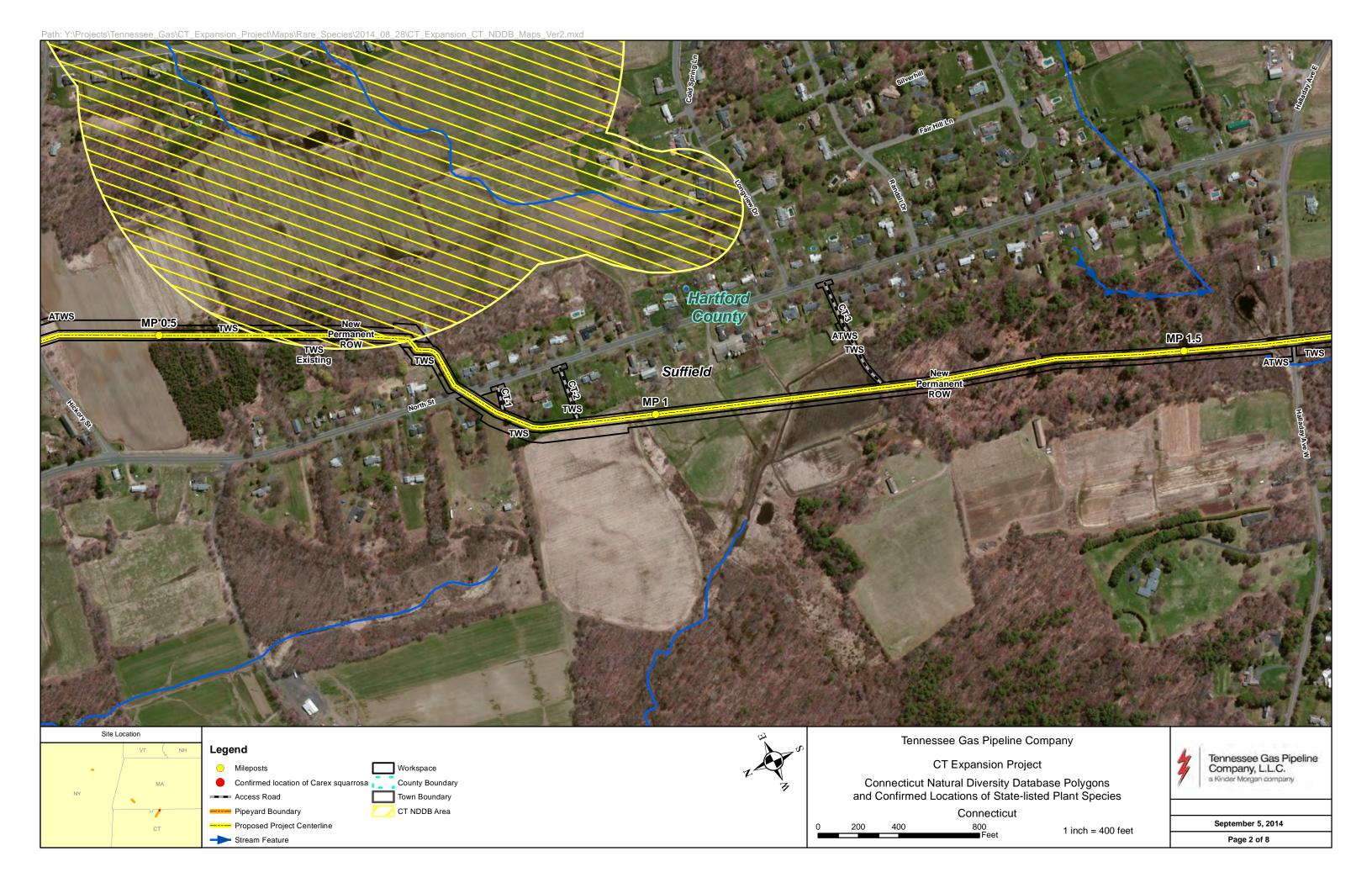
| Owner aware of EO? | Yes No Unknown Owner protecting EO? Yes No Unknown | | | | | | |
|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|
| Threats to EO: | Potential threat due to invasive species. | | | | | | |
| | | | | | | | |
| Conservation/ | | | | | | | |
| management needs: | | | | | | | |
| management needs. | | | | | | | |
| Research needs: | | | | | | | |
| | | | | | | | |
| | | | | | | | |
| | | | | | | | |
| SUPPORTING DOCUMENTS (please attach) | | | | | | | |
| Sketch map (showing finer detail than topo or aerial photo) Aerial photo map Topographic map (available at http://ctecoapp1.uconn.edu/advancedviewer/) Cross section of topography/habitat (include scale, direction, element position, description, and sub-occurrence ID[s], if needed) Photos Slides Field notes Route of survey map | | | | | | | |

Appendix E

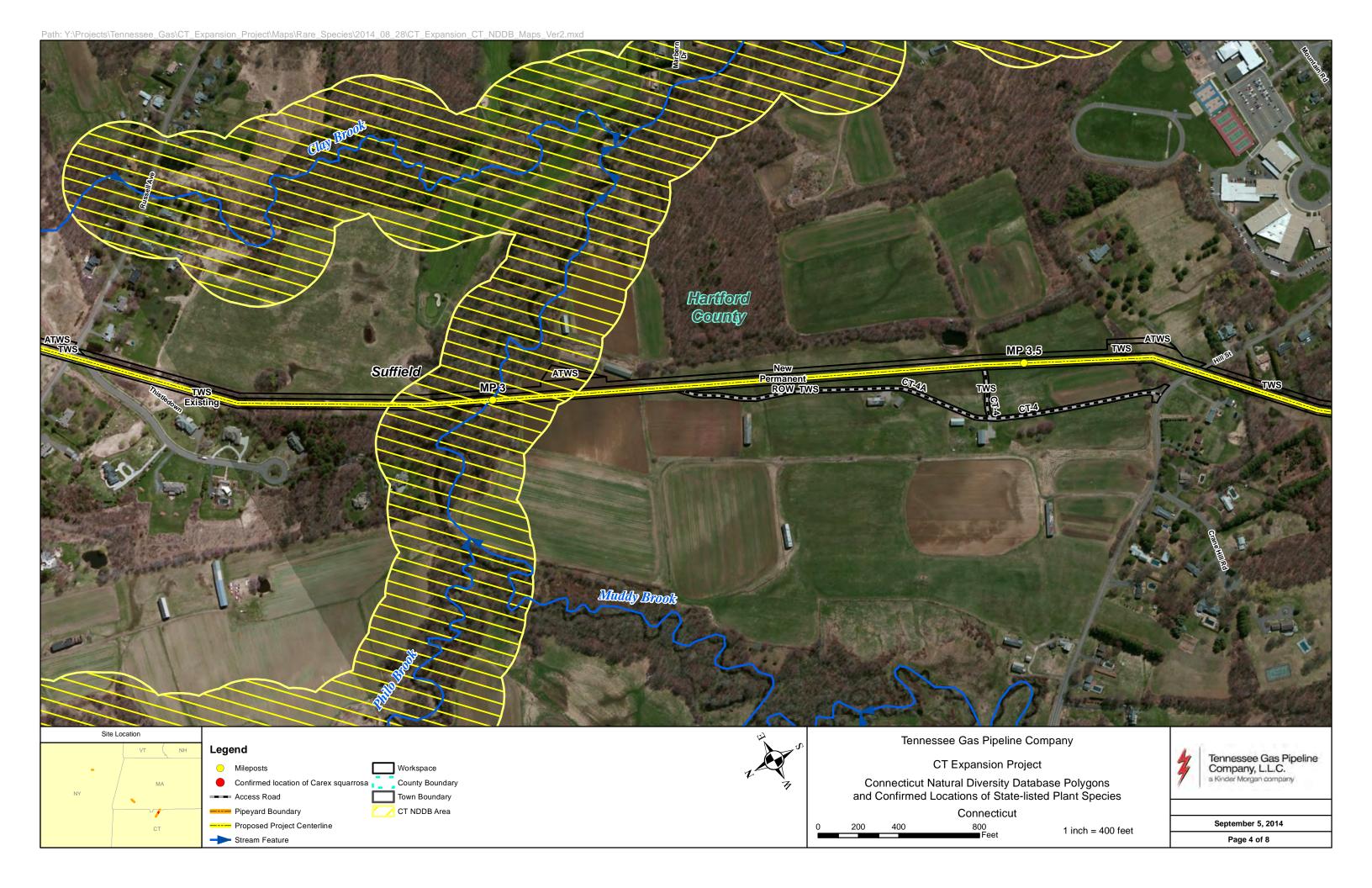
CT Loop NDDB Polygon Mapping with Locations of State-listed Plant Species

- Stream Feature

Path: Y:\Projects/Tennessee_Gas/CT_Expansion_Project/Maps/Rare_Species/2014_08_28/CT_Expansion_CT_NDDB_Maps_Ver2.mxd

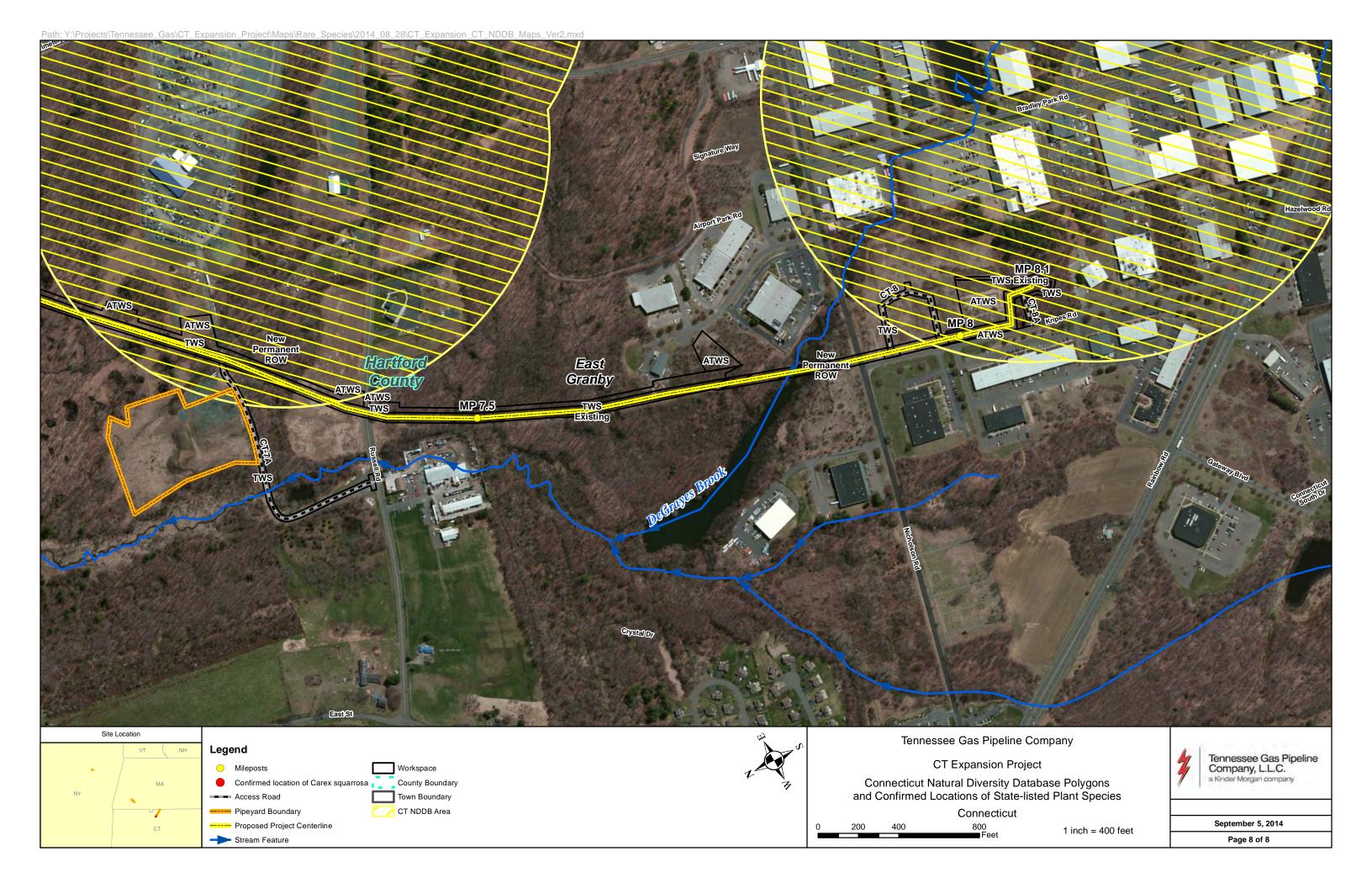


Path: Y:\Projects/Tennessee_Gas/CT_Expansion_Project/Maps/Rare_Species/2014_08_28/CT_Expansion_CT_UDDB_Maps_Ver2.mxd



Project/Maps/Rare_Species/2014_08_28/CT_Expansion_CT_UDDB_Maps_Ver2.mxd

Path: Y:\Projects/Tennessee_Gas/CT_Expansion_Project/Maps/Rare_Species/2014_08_28\CT_Expansion_CT_UDDB_Maps_Ver2.mxd



Appendix F

Field Worksheets for State- Listed Plants

Tennessee Gas Pipeline Company Connecticut Expansion Project Threatened and Endangered Species Surveys Suffield to East Granby, Connecticut

Common Name: New England Grape **Scientific Name:** *Vitis x novae-angliae*

Family: Vitaceae (Grape Family)

Connecticut Status: Special Concern Federal Status: Not Listed Federally

Description:

New England Grape is a perennial vine with tendrils or panicles (inflorescences) produced from 3-5 successive nodes. Young stems and leaves are tomentose. Leaf blades are abaxially tomentose when young, but become nearly glabrous later in the season. Patches of tomentum may remain on the undersurface. Teeth are short and wide on margin of round-ovate blades. Fruit is black and glaucous, 12-17 mm wide.

Habitat:

New England Grape occurs in rich, often alluvial woods and shaded forest edges. Species may also be present in clearings, roadside thickets, and along river banks.

Flowering Period:

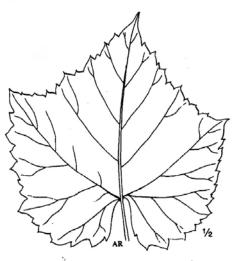
Flowers present from late June to late July. Fruits are present in the summer into September.

Comments:

New England Grape is an uncommon grape hybrid in New England states with a Facultative (FAC) wetland ranking.

References:

Refer to Haines (2011, pg. 889) and Gleason and Cronquist (1993, pg. 344) for additional identification details. Illustration is from Holmgren, et al. (1998, pg. 325). June 24, 2014



Vitis novae-angliae

Common Name: Bush's Sedge Scientific Name: Carex bushii

Family: Cyperaceae (Sedge Family)

Connecticut Status: Special Concern Federal Status: Not Listed Federally

Description:

Bush's Sedge is a medium-sized, perennial species growing in loose tufts of slender, sharply angled stems. Culms (stems) are erect, 30-90 cm tall, sparsely pilose, with reddish-purple bases. Leaf sheaths are soft-hairy (pilose), red-brown dotted. Leaves 2.5-6 mm wide, pilose. Spikes are short, cylindric, stiff and erect, 2-3. Involucral bracts greatly exceed the inflorescence. Pistillate scales are lanceolate, 2.5-3.5 x 1.1-1.5 mm, reddish-brown with green midrib, exceeding perigynia, long-acuminate to awned (0.5-2 mm). Perigynia is sparsely pubescent, papillose (minuscule bumps), round in cross-section, several (9-13) nerved, 2.5-3.5 x 1.5-2.0 mm. Beak is absent. Achenes are triangular, 2-2.6 x 1.4-1.7 mm.

Species is similar to Hirsute Sedge (*Carex hirsutella*), which has flattened and more strongly ascending perigynia; and the awns on pistillate scales are shorter.

Habitat:

Species occurs in dry to mesic grasslands, sandy open meadows and woods, disturbed open ground, generally on calcareous soil.

Flowering Period:

Fruiting period is late spring to early summer (June-August).

Comments:

Bush's Sedge has a Facultative (FAC) wetland ranking.

References:

- Angelo, R. and D.E. Boufford. 2007. Atlas of the Flora of New England: Cyperaceae. *Rhodora* 109: 237-360.
- Flora of North America Editorial Committee. 2002. Flora of North America. Volume 23: Magnoliophyta: Commelinidae (in part): Cyperaceae. Oxford University Press, New York. (pg. 484)
- Gleason, Henry A. and Arthur Cronquist. 1993. Manual of Vascular Plants of Northeastern United States and Adjacent Canada. 2nd Edition. The New York Botanical Garden, Bronx, NY. (pg. 728)
- Haines, Arthur. 2011. Flora Novae Angliae. Yale University Press, New Haven, CT. (pg.144)
- Holmgren, Noel H., et al. 1998. The Illustrated Companion to Gleason and Cronquist's Manual Illustrations of the Vascular Plants of Northeastern Unites States and Adjacent Canada. The New York Botanical Garden, Bronx, NY. (pg. 681)
- NHESP. 2009. Fact Sheet for Bush's Sedge, *Carex bushii*. Natural Heritage & Endangered Species Program, MA Division of Fisheries & Wildlife.

Standley, Lisa A. 2011. Field Guide to the Carex of New England. A Special Publication of the New England Botanical Club, Harvard University Herbaria, Cambridge, MA.

Web Sources:

Kansas Wildflowers & Grasses – Bush's Sedge (*Carex bushii*). http://www.kswildflower.org/sedge_details.php?sedgeID=43.

USDA Natural Resources Conservation Services – PLANTS Profile for Bush's Sedge (*Carex bushii*). http://www.plants.usda.gov.

June 24, 2014

Common Name: Squarrose Sedge Scientific Name: Carex squarrosa

Family: Cyperaceae (Sedge Family)

Connecticut Status: Special Concern Federal Status: Not Listed Federally

Description:

Squarrose Sedge is a medium-sized, perennial species of wet habitats growing in dense tufts with short rhizomes. Stems (or culms) are 30-90 cm tall with smooth, glabrous, leaves, 3-6 mm wide. Ligule is much longer than wide. Lower sheaths brown, upper sheath tawny and brown-spotted, apex deeply concave. Spikes are erect, 1-2(-3) with an elliptic or oblong shape with male (staminate) flowers at the base. Pistillate scales are tawny with a green center, apex acuminate or with a short, scabrous awn. Perigynia are rounded in cross-section, inflated, and widely radiating, the proximal reflexed, 5.8-9.7 x 1.9-3.3 mm. Beak (2-3 mm long) is usually smooth and abrupt. Achene is slender with an ellipsoid-trigonous shape. Style is persistent and strongly sinuous or abruptly bent.

Species appears similar to Cat-tail Sedge (*Carex typhina*), but the style in Cat-tail Sedge is deciduous and straight, it is not bent or strongly curved like Squarrose Sedge. Preferred habitat is reportedly slightly drier than Cat-tail Sedge habitat.

Habitat:

Species occurs in swamps, wet woods, meadows, forested wetlands, ditches, and stream banks.

Flowering Period:

Flowers present from June to August.

Comments:

Squarrose Sedge has an Obligate (OBL) wetland ranking.

References:

- Angelo, R. and D. E. Boufford. 2007. Atlas of the Flora of New England: Cyperaceae. *Rhodora* 109:237-360.
- Flora of North America Editorial Committee. 2002. Flora of North America. Volume 23: Magnoliophyta: Commelinidae (in part): Cyperaceae. Oxford University Press, New York. (pg. 518-519)
- Haines, Arthur. 2011. Flora Novae Angliae. Yale University Press, New Haven, CT. (pg. 145)
- Gleason, Henry A., and Arthur Cronquist. 1993. Manual of Vascular Plants of Northeastern United States and Adjacent Canada. 2nd Edition. The New York Botanical Garden, Bronx, NY. (pg. 735)
- Holmgren, Noel H., et al. 1998. The Illustrated Companion to Gleason and Cronquist's Manual Illustrations of the Vascular Plants of Northeastern Unites States and Adjacent Canada. The New York Botanical Garden, Bronx, NY. (pg. 687)
- Standley, Lisa A. 2011. Field Guide to Carex of New England. A Special Publication of the New England Botanical Club, Harvard University Herbaria, Cambridge, MA. (pg. 12)

Web Sources:

USDA Natural Resources Conservation Service – PLANTS Profile for Squarrose Sedge (*Carex squarrosa*). http://www.plants.usda.gov.

USGS Northern Prairie Wildlife Research Center – Squarrose Sedge (*Carex squarrosa*). http://www.npwrc.usgs.gov/resource/plants/floramw/species/caresqua.htm.

June 24, 2014

Common Name: Low Frostweed Scientific Name: Crocanthemum propinguum

Family: Cistaceae (Rockrose Family)

Connecticut Status: Threatened Federal Status: Not Listed Federally

Description:

Low Frostweed is a perennial species with five showy, bright yellow petals on the petaliferous or chasmogamous flowers. Stems are erect, solitary, 1-3 dm tall, and arise from a creeping rhizome. Numerous apetalous or cleistogamous flowers are produced later in the season. Inflorescence is a terminal cluster of 2 to 6 flowers. Leaves are alternate, linear-spatulate to oblong-linear in shape, 1-3 cm long. Fruit is a capsule with many seeds (12-15) in open chasmogamous flowers. Smaller capsules with few seeds (1-2) develop from the cleistogamous flowers.

Synonym is Helianthemum propinquum.

Habitat:

Species occurs in dry, sandy soils of open woods, roadsides, clearings, dry fields, and sandplains.

Flowering Period:

Flowering period is mid-May – June for petaliferous flowers. Apetalous flowers later in season.

Comments:

Low Frostweed does not have an ACOE wetland ranking.

References:

Gleason, Henry A., and Arthur Cronquist. 1993. Manual of Vascular Plants of Northeastern United States and Adjacent Canada. 2nd Edition. The New York Botanical Garden, Bronx, NY. (pg. 155)

Haines, Arthur. 2011. Flora Novae Angliae. Yale University Press, New Haven, CT. (pg. 526-527).

Holmgren, Noel H., et al. 1998. The Illustrated Companion to Gleason and Cronquist's Manual – Illustrations of the Vascular Plants of Northeastern Unites States and Adjacent Canada. The New York Botanical Garden, Bronx, NY. (pg. 140)

New York Natural Heritage Program. 2013. NY NHP Conservation Plant Guide – Early Frostweed (*Crocanthemum propinquum*). New York Natural Heritage Program, Albany, NY.

Web Sources:

USDA Natural Resources Conservation Services – PLANTS Profile for Low Frostweed (*Crocanthemum propinguum*). http://www.plants.usda.gov.

June 24, 2014

Appendix G

Plant List

Higher vascular plant species recorded during the CT Expansion Project surveys include:

| Common Name | Scientific Name | Status ^a | CT Protection |
|--------------------------------------|---------------------------|---------------------|---------------|
| Trees: | | | |
| Red Maple | Acer rubrum | N | - |
| Sugar Maple | Acer saccharum | N | - |
| Yellow Birch | Betula alleghaniensis | N | _ |
| Black Birch | Betula lenta | N | _ |
| Gray Birch | Betula populifolia | N | - |
| Pignut Hickory | Carya glabra | N | _ |
| Shagbark Hickory | Carya ovata | N | - |
| American Beech | Fagus grandifolia | N | - |
| White Ash | Fraxinus americana | N | _ |
| White Walnut | Juglans cinerea | N | _ |
| Cultivated Apple | Malus pumila | E | _ |
| Hop-hornbeam | Ostrya virginiana | N | _ |
| White Spruce | Picea glauca | N | _ |
| White Pine | Pinus strobus | N | _ |
| Sycamore | Platanus occidentalis | N | _ |
| Eastern Cottonwood | Populus deltoides | N | _ |
| | Populus tremuloides | N | _ |
| Trembling Aspen Eastern Black Cherry | Prunus serotina | N | - |
| White Oak | Quercus alba | N | - |
| | | | - |
| Swamp White Oak Scarlet Oak | Quercus bicolor | N N | - |
| | Quercus coccinea | | - |
| Northern Red Oak | Quercus rubra | N | - |
| Sassafras | Sassafras albidum | N | - |
| Basswood | Tilia americana | N | - |
| Tulip-tree | Liriodendron tulipifera | N | - |
| American Elm | Ulmus americana | N | - |
| Shrubs: | | | |
| Speckled Alder | Alnus incana spp. rugosa | N | - |
| Shadbush | <i>Amelanchier</i> sp. | N | - |
| Japanese Barberry | Berberis thunbergii | E | - |
| Common Buttonbush | Cephalanthus occidentalis | N | - |
| Autumn Olive | Elaeagnus umbellata | Е | - |
| Witch-hazel | Hamamelis virginiana | N | - |
| Common Winterberry | llex verticillata | N | - |
| Sheep-laurel | Kalmia angustifolia | N | - |
| Spicebush | Lindera benzoin | N | - |
| Tatarian Honeysuckle | Lonicera tatarica | E | - |
| Staghorn-sumac | Rhus hirta | N | - |
| Multiflora Rose | Rosa multiflora | Е | - |
| Black-cap Raspberry | Rubus occidentalis | N | - |
| Common Blackberry | Rubus allegheniensis | N | - |
| • | ~ | | |

1

| Common Name | Scientific Name | Status ^a | CT Protection |
|---|---|---|--------------------------------------|
| Shrubs: | | | |
| Common Elderberry Meadowsweet Stepplebush Silky Dogwood Lowbush Blueberry Highbush Blueberry Arrow-wood | Sambucus nigra ssp. canadensis Spiraea alba var. latifolia Spiraea tomentosa Swida amomum Vaccinium angustifolium Vaccinium corymbosum Viburnum dentatum | N N N N N N | - - - - - - |
| Vines: | | | |
| Asian Bittersweet Virginia Creeper Swamp Dewberry Poison Ivy Summer Grape Fox Grape River Grape | Celastrus orbiculatus Parthenocissus quinquefolia Rubus hispidus Toxicodendron radicans Vitis aestivalis Vitis labrusca Vitis riparia | E N N N N N | - - - - - |
| Clubmosses and Horsetails: | | | |
| Tree Clubmoss Field Horsetail | Dendrolycopodium obscurum Equisetum arvense | N N | - - |
| Ferns: | | | |
| Hay-scented Fern Sensitive Fern Interrupted Fern Royal Fern Cinnamon Fern New York Fern Christmas-fern Marsh Fern | Dennstaedtia punctilobula Onoclea sensibilis Osmunda claytoniana Osmunda regalis Osmundastrum cinnamomea Parathelypteris noveboracensis Polystichum acrostichoides Thelypteris palustris | N N N N N N N | - - - - - - |
| Grasses: | | | |
| Bentgrass Sweet Vernal-grass Canada Bluejoint Orchard Grass Deer-tongue Grass Fescue Rattlesnake Grass Fowl Meadow Grass Rice Cut Grass Reed Canary Grass Timothy | Agrostis sp. Anthoxanthum odoratum Calamagrostis Canadensis Dactylis glomerata Dichanthelium clandestinum Festuca sp. Glyceria canadensis Glyceria striata Leersia oryzoides Phalaris arundinacea Phleum pratense | - E N E N N N N N | - - - - - - - - |

| Common Name | Scientific Name | Status ^a | CT Protection |
|------------------------|------------------------|---------------------|---------------|
| Sedges: | | | |
| Awned Sedge | Carex crinita | N | - |
| Bladder Sedge | Carex intumescens | N | - |
| Wooly-fruited Sedge | Carex lasiocarpa | N | - |
| Hop Sedge | Carex lupulina | N | - |
| Sallow Sedge | Carex lurida | N | - |
| Pennsylvania Sedge | Carex pensylvanica | N | - |
| Squarrose Sedge | Carex squarrosa | N | SC |
| Awl-fruited Sedge | Carex stipata | N | - |
| Eastern Straw Sedge | Carex cf straminea | N | - |
| Tussock Sedge | Carex stricta | N | - |
| Fox Sedge | Carex vulpinoidea | N | - |
| Slender Spikesedge | Eleocharis tenuis | N | - |
| Dark-green Bullrush | Scirpus atrovirens | N | - |
| Rushes: | | | |
| Canada Rush | Juncus canadensis | N | _ |
| Soft Rush | Juncus effusus | N | _ |
| Path Rush | Juncus tenuis | N | |
| Forbs and Wildflowers: | | | |
| Common Yarrow | Achillea millefolium | Е | - |
| Great Ragweed | Ambrosia trifida | N | _ |
| Groundnut | Apios americana | N | _ |
| Indian Hemp | Apocynum cannabinum | N | _ |
| Wild Sarsaparilla | Aralia nudicaulis | N | _ |
| Jack-in-the-pulpit | Arisaema triphyllum | N | _ |
| Swamp Milkweed | Asclepias incarnata | N | _ |
| Devil's Pitchforks | Bidens frondosa | N | _ |
| False Nettle | Boehmeria cylindrica | N | - |
| Water-hemlock | Circuta maculata | N | - |
| Wild Carrot | Daucus carota | Е | _ |
| Deptford Pink | Dianthus armeria | Е | - |
| Daisy Fleabane | Erigeron annuus | Е | - |
| Joe-Pye-Weed | Eutrochium sp. | N | - |
| Common Boneset | Eupatorium perfoliatum | N | - |
| Grass-leaved Goldenrod | Euthamia graminifolia | N | - |
| Wild Strawberry | Fragaria virginiana | N | - |
| Bedstraw | <i>Galium</i> sp. Č | | |
| Teaberry | Gaultheria procumbens | N | - |
| Wild Geranium | Geranium maculatum | N | - |
| White Avens | Geum canadense | N | - |
| Hawkweed | Hieracium sp. | E | - |
| Common St. John's-wort | Hypericum perforatum | E | - |
| Spotted Touch-Me-Not | Impatiens capensis | N | - |
| Blueflag | Iris versicolor | N | |

| Common Name | Scientific Name | Status ^a | CT Protection |
|-----------------------------|-------------------------------|---------------------|---------------|
| Forbs and Wildflowers; | | | |
| Ox-eyed Daisy | Leucanthemum vulgare | Е | _ |
| Round-headed Bush-clover | Lespedeza capitata | N | _ |
| Canada Lily | Lilium canadense | N | _ |
| Bird's-foot Trefoil | Lotus corniculatus | Ë | _ |
| Seedbox | Ludwigia alternifolia | N | _ |
| Starflower | Lysimachia borealis | N | _ |
| Moneywort | Lysimachia nummularia | Ë | _ |
| Whorled Loosestrife | Lysimachia quadrifolia | N | _ |
| Purple Loosestrife | Lythrum salicaria | Ë | _ |
| Canada Mayflower | Maianthemum canadense | N | _ |
| Partridge-berry | Mitchella repens | N | _ |
| Forget-Me-Not | Myosotis scorpioides | E | _ |
| Common Evening Primrose | Oenothera biennis | N | - |
| | | | - |
| Tall White Beard-tongue | Penstemon digitalis | N | - |
| Arrowleaf Tearthumb | Persicaria sagittata | N | - |
| English Plantain | Plantago lanceolata | E | - |
| Ragged-fringed Orchid | Platanthera lacera | N | - |
| Silver-leaved Cinquefoil | Potentilla argentea | Ē | - |
| Sulfur Cinquefoil | Potentilla recta | E | - |
| Old Field Cinquefoil | Potentilla simplex | N | - |
| Narrow-leaved Mountain-mint | Pycnanthemum tenuifolium | N | - |
| Virginia Mountain-mint | Pycnanthemum virginianum | N | - |
| Kidney-leaf Buttercup | Ranunculus abortivus | N | - |
| Black-eyed Coneflower | Rudbeckia hirta | E | - |
| Blue-eyed Grass | Sisyrinchium cf angustifolium | N | - |
| Carrion-flower | Smilax herbacea | N | - |
| Canada Goldenrod | Solidago canadensis | N | - |
| Smooth Goldenrod | Solidago gigantea | N | - |
| Early Goldenrod | Solidago juncea | N | - |
| Rough Goldenrod | Solidago rugosa | N | - |
| Skunk-cabbage | Symplocarpus foetidus | N | - |
| Tansy | Tanacetum vulgare | Е | - |
| Tall Meadow-rue | Thalictrum pubescens | N | - |
| Rabbit-foot Clover | Trifolium arvense | Е | - |
| Red Clover | Trifolium pratense | E | - |
| White Clover | Trifolium repens | E | - |
| Common Cat-tail | Typha latifolia | N | - |
| Wild Oats | Úvularia sessilifolia | N | - |
| False Hellebore | Veratrum viride | N | - |
| Blue Vervain | Verbena hastata | N | - |
| Common Mullein | Verbascum thapsus | Е | - |
| Purple Vetch | Vicia cracca | Ē | - |
| 1 | | | |
| a: N = Native Species | E = Exotic Species | | |

State Status: E = Endangered Species; T = Threatened Species; SC = Special Concern Species